Tension/compression force transducer With thin-film technology up to 100 kN Models F2301, F23C1, F23S1

WIKA data sheet FO 51.17



Applications

- Crane systems and hoists
- Industrial weighing technology
- Machine building and plant construction, manufacturing automation
- Theatre and stage construction
- Chemistry and petrochemistry



Tension/compression force transducer,

models F2301, F23C1, F23S1

Special features

- Measuring ranges 0 ... 1 kN up to 0 ... 100 kN
- Corrosion-resistant stainless steel design
- Integrated amplifier
- High long-term stability, high shock and vibration resistance
- Good reproducibility, simple installation

Description

Tension/compression force transducers are designed for static and dynamic measurement tasks in the direct flux of force. They determine the tension and compression forces in a wide scope of applications.

Tension/compression force transducers of this series are often used in hoist and crane systems, as well as for special machine constructions, in laboratories and stage systems. Appropriate technical and regional approvals are available as an option. These force transducers are made of high-strength, corrosion-resistant stainless steel 1.4542, which is particularly suitable for their application areas. The standard active current and voltage outputs are available as output signals (4 ... 20 mA/0 ... 10 V). Redundant output signals and CAN protocols are possible.

These force transducers are part of our certified product ELMS1 overload protection (DIN EN ISO 13849-1 with PL d/Kat. 3 and SIL 2).

WIKA Part of your business

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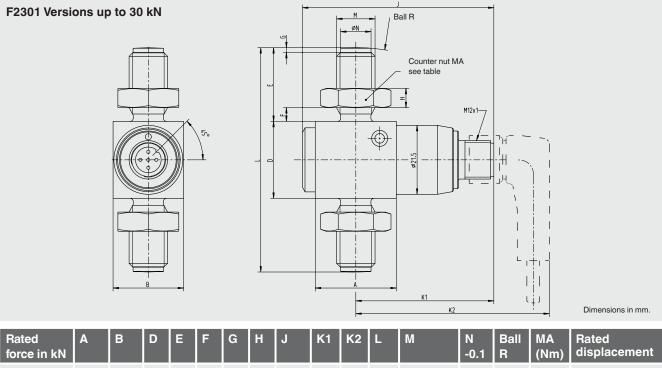
Specifications in accordance with VDI/VDE/DKD 2638

Model	F0001	50004						
Model	F2301	F23S1						
Rated force F _{nom} kN	1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 20, 30, 50, 100	3, 5, 10, 20, 30, 50, 100						
Relative linearity error d _{lin} ¹⁾	±0.5 % F _{nom}							
Relative reversibility error v	< 0.1 % F _{nom}							
Relative creep, 30 min. at F _{nom}	0.1 % F _{nom}							
Temperature effect on ■ characteristic value TK _c ■ zero signal TK ₀	0.4 % F _{nom} /10 K 0.4 % F _{nom} /10 K							
Force limit F _L	150 % F _{nom}							
Breaking force F _B	> 300 % F _{nom}							
Permissible oscillation stress F _{rb}	$\pm 50~\%~\text{F}_{\text{nom}}$ (in accordance with DIN 50100)							
Rated displacement (typ.) s _{nom} ■ <10 kN ■ <100 kN	< 0.02 mm < 0.2 mm							
Material of measuring device	Stainless steel corrosion-resistant, ultrasonically	tested 3.1 material (optional 3.2)						
Rated temperature B _{T, nom}	-20 +80 °C							
Operating temperature B _{T, G}	-30 +80 °C (optional -40 +80 °C)	-30 +80 °C						
Storage temperature B _{T, S}	-40 +85 °C							
Electrical connection	Circular connector M 12x1, 4-pin, CANopen [®] 5-pin	2-circular connector M 12x1, 4-pin						
Output signal (rated output) C _{nom}	 4 20 mA, 2-wire, 4 20 mA, 3-wire or DC 0 10 V, 3-wire (Optional redundant signal) CANopen[®] Protocol in accordance with CiA 301, device profile 404, communication services LSS (CiA 305), configuration of the instrument address and baud rate Sync/Async, Node/Lifeguarding, heartbeat; zero and span ±10 % adjustable via entries in the object directory ²) 	Redundant, opposing 4 20 mA/20 4 mA versions in accordance with requirements for functional safety per 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive						
Current consumption	Current output 4 20 mA 2-wire: signal current Current output 4 20 mA, 3-wire: < 8 mA Voltage output: < 8 mA CANopen [®] : < 1 W	Current output 4 20 mA: signal current						
Supply voltage	DC 10 30 V for current output DC 14 30 V for voltage output DC 12 30 V for CANopen [®]	DC 10 30 V for current output						
Burden	\leq (UB-10 V)/0.024 A for current output > 10 k Ω for voltage output	\leq (UB–10 V)/0.020 A (channel 1) for current output \leq (UB–7 V)/0.020 A (channel 2) for current output						
Response time	\leq 2 ms (within 10 90 % $\rm F_{nom})$ ³⁾							
Protection (acc. to EN/IEC 60529)	IP67							
Electrical protection	Reverse voltage, overvoltage and short-circuit pro-	otection						
Vibration resistance (acc. to DIN EN 60068-2-6)	20 g, 100 h, 50150 Hz							
Noise emission	DIN EN 55011							
Noise immunity	In accordance with DIN EN 61326-1/DIN EN 613	26-2-3 (optional EMC-strengthened versions)						
Optional	Certificates, strength verifications, 3D-CAD files (STEP, IGES) on request						
1) Belative linearity error acc. to VDI/VDE/DKD 2638 char	206							

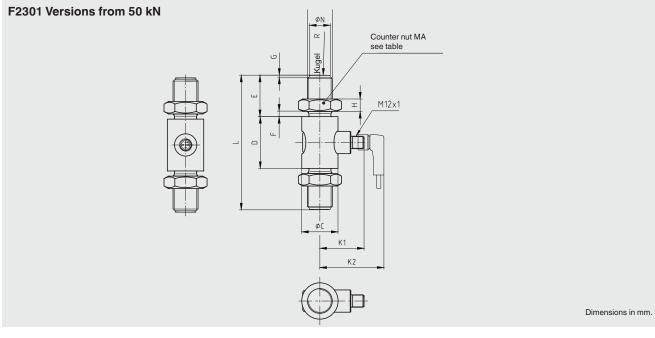
Relative linearity error acc. to VDI/VDE/DKD 2638 chap. 3.2.6.
 Protocol acc. to CiA DS-301 V.402. Device profile DS-404 V. 1.2.
 Other response times are available on request.
 CANopen[®] and CiA[®] are registered community trade marks of CAN in Automation e.V.

Madal	E0201	E0201					
Model	F23C1 ATEX/IECEx EX ib ¹⁾	F2301 signal jump					
Rated force F _{nom} kN	1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 20, 30, 50, 100						
Relative linearity error d _{lin} ²⁾	±0.5 % F _{nom}						
Relative reversibility error v	< 0.1 % F _{nom}						
Relative creep, 30 min. at F _{nom}	0.1 % F _{nom}						
 Temperature effect on characteristic value TK_c zero signal TK₀ 	0.4 % F _{nom} /10 K 0.4 % F _{nom} /10 K						
Force limit F _L	150 % F _{nom}						
Breaking force F _B	> 300 % F _{nom}						
Permissible oscillation stress F _{rb}	±50 % F _{nom} (in accordance with DIN 50100)						
Rated displacement (typ.) s _{nom} ■ <10 kN ■ <100 kN	< 0.02 mm < 0.2 mm						
Material of measuring device	Stainless steel corrosion-resistant, ultrasonically	tested 3.1 material (optional 3.2)					
Rated temperature B _{T, nom}	-20 +80 °C						
Operating temperature B _{T, G}	$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T4 Gb -25 °C < T_{amb} < +85 °C$ \\ \mbox{Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T3 Gb -25 °C < T_{amb} < +100 °C$ \\ \mbox{Ex I M2 Ex ib I Mb -25 °C < T_{amb} < +85 °C$ \\ \mbox{Ex II 2G Ex ib IIC T4 Gb -40 °C < T_{amb} < +85 °C$ \\ \mbox{Ex I M2 Ex ib I Mb (for cable connection only)} $ \\ \end{array} $						
Storage temperature B _{T, S}	-40 +85 °C						
Electrical connection	Circular connector M 12x1, 4-pin						
Output signal (rated output) C _{nom}	4 20 mA, 2-wire	4 16 mA, 2-wire, DC 2 8 V, 3-wire ³⁾					
Current consumption	Current output 4 20 mA 2-wire: signal current	Current output 4 20 mA 2-wire: signal current, Current output 4 20 mA 3-wire: < 8 mA, Voltage output: < 8 mA					
Supply voltage	DC 10 30 V for current output	DC 10 30 V for current output DC 14 30 V for voltage output					
Burden	$<$ (UB–10 V)/0,024 A for current output $>$ 10 k Ω for voltage output						
Response time	\leq 2 ms (within 10 90 % F _{nom}) ⁴⁾						
Protection (acc. to EN/IEC 60529)	IP67						
Electrical protection	Reverse voltage, overvoltage and short-circuit pro-	otection					
Vibration resistance	20 g, 100 h, 50150 Hz acc. to DIN EN 60068-2-6						
Noise emission	DIN EN 55011						
Noise immunity	In accordance with DIN EN 61326-1/DIN EN 6132	26-2-3 (optional EMC-strengthened versions)					
Optional	Certificates, strength verifications, 3D-CAD files (STEP, IGES) on request					
Certificates (optional)	ATEX: acc. to EN 60079-0:2012 and EN 60079-11:2012 (Ex ib) IECEx: acc. to IEC 60079-0:2011 (Ed.6) and IEC 60079-11:2011 (Ed. 6) (Ex ib) UL: acc. to UL 61010-1 and CSA C22.2 NO. 61010-1						

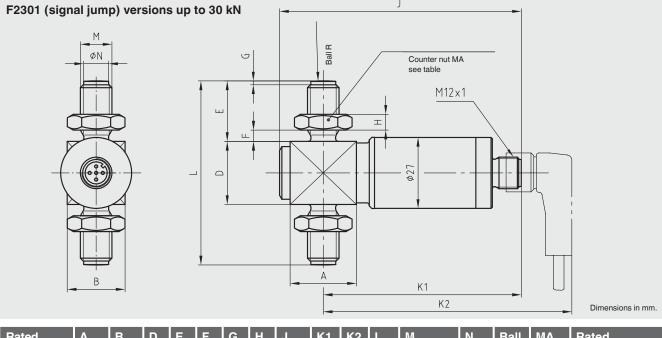
The force transducer with ignition protection type "ib" must only be supplied using galvanically-isolated power supplies. Suitable supply isolators are also optionally available e.g. EZE08X030003.
 Relative linearity error acc. to VDI/VDE/DKD 2638 chap. 3.2.6.
 Other signal jumps are available on request.
 Other response times are available on request.
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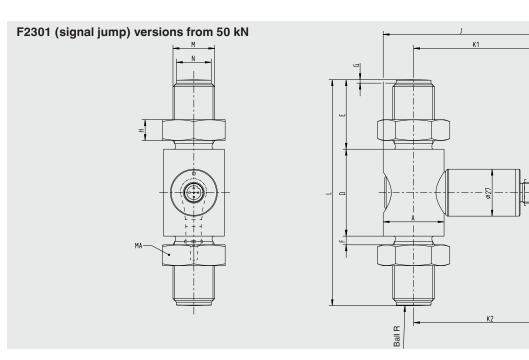
Rated force in kN	Α	В	D	E	F	G	н	J	K1	K2	L	Μ	N -0.1	Ball R		Rated displacement
1, 2, 3	25.3	22	24	23	4.3	1.5	6	59.7	43	63	70	M12	9.5	60	60	< 0.02
5	25.3	22	24	23	4.3	1.5	6	59.7	43	63	70	M12	9.5	60	60	< 0.02
10	25.3	22	31	23	4.3	1.5	6	59.7	43	63	77	M12	9.5	80	60	< 0.02
20	25.3	26	33	34	3.8	2	10	59.7	43	63	101	M20 x 1.5	17	100	300	< 0.2
30	27.6	27.5	40	34	3.8	2	10	61.5	44	64	108	M20 x 1.5	17	120	300	< 0.2



Rated force in kN	С	D	E	F	G	Н	K1	K2	L	Μ	N -0.1	Ball R	MA (Nm)	Rated displacement
50	35	50	40	5	2	12	43	62	130	M24 x 2	20	150	500	< 0.2
100	54	54	68	10	3	19.5	44	64	190	M39 x 3	34	200	2,500	< 0.2

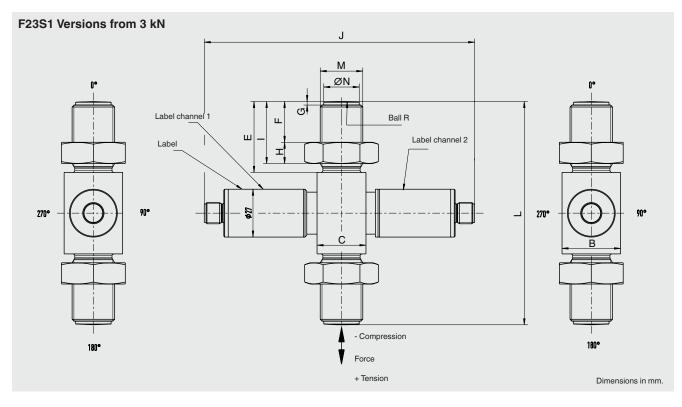


Rated force in kN	Α	В	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K1	K2	L	М	N -0.1	Ball R	MA (Nm)	Rated displacement
1, 2, 3	25.3	22	24	23	4.3	1.5	6	59.7	43	63	70	M12	9.5	60	60	< 0.02
5	25.3	22	24	23	4.3	1.5	6	59.7	43	63	70	M12	9.5	60	60	< 0.02
10	25.3	22	31	23	4.3	1.5	6	59.7	43	63	77	M12	9.5	80	60	< 0.02
20	25.3	26	33	34	3.8	2	10	59.7	43	63	101	M20 x 1.5	17	100	300	< 0.2
30	27.6	27.5	40	34	3.8	2	10	61.5	44	64	108	M20 x 1.5	17	120	300	< 0.2



Dimensions	in	mm.	

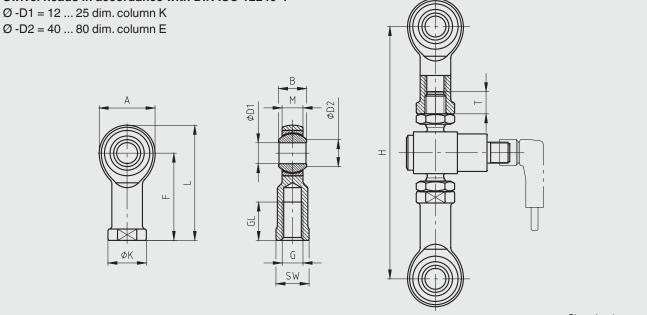
Rated force in kN	ØA	D	E	F	G	Н	J	K1	K2	L	Μ	N -0,1		MA (Nm)	Rated displacement
50	35	50	40	5	2	12	91.5	73	90.2	130	M24 x 2	20	150	500	< 0.2
100	54	54	68	10	3.7	19.5	91.5	71	91	197	M39 x 3	34	200	2,500	< 0.2



Rated force in kN	В	С	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	L	Μ	ØN -0.1	Ball R
3-7	22	25.3	23	12.7	1.5	6	18.7	152.5	75	M12	9,5	60
6-13	25.3	25.3	26	13.5	1.5	8	21.5	152.5	85	M16 x 1.5	13	80
12-26	27.5	27.6	34	20.2	2	10	30.2	152.5	108	M20 x 1.5	17	120
18-40	33	27.6	40	23	2	12	35	152.5	126	M24 x 2	20	120
31-70	40	40	48	25	2	15	40	157.4	154	M30 x 2	26	150
67-151	60	60	78	47.8	3	19.7	67.5	177.4	223	M42 x 2	38	250

Swivel heads in accordance with DIN ISO 12240-4

Ø -D1 = 12 ... 25 dim. column K



Dimensions in mm.

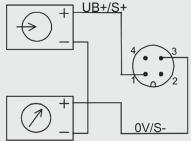
Rated force in kN	н	Minimum screw-in depth T
1, 2, 3, 5	148 ± 3	9.5
10	155 ± 3	9.5
20	219 ± 4	16
30	226 ± 4	16
50	276 ± 4	19.5
100	405 ± 7	31

Rated force in kN	Weight in kg	Α	В	ØD ₁	ØD ₂	F	G	GL	ØK	L	м	SW
1, 2, 3, 5, 10	0.115	32	16	12 H7	15.4	50	M12	22	22	55	12	19
20, 30	0.415	50	25	20 H7	24.3	77	M20 x 1.5	33	34	102	18	32
50	0.750	60	31	25H7	29.6	94	M24 x 2	42	42	124	22	36
100	2	92	28	40 -0.012	45	142	M39 x 3	65	65	188	23	55

Pin assignment analogue output

4 ... 20 mA output, 2-wire

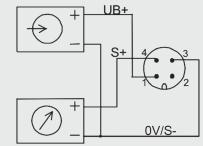
Circular connector M12 x 1, 4-pin



	4	l	
1			

Circular connector M12 x 1, 4-pin									
4 20 mA 4 20 mA 0 10 V 2-wire 3-wire 3-wire									
Supply UB+	1	1	1						
Supply 0V/UB-	3	3	3						
Signal S+	1	4	4						
Signal S-	3	3	3						
Screen 🕀	Case	Case	Case						

0 ... **10** V output, **4** ... **20** mA output, **3**-wire Circular connector M12 x 1, 4-pin



Cable outlet		
Cable colour	2-wire	3-wire
Brown	UB+/S+	UB+
White	-	-
Blue	0V/S-	0V/S-
Black	-	S+

Only when using the standard cable, e.g. EZE53X011016

Pin assignment ATEX/IECEx

Circular connector M12 x 1, 4-pin		
	ATEX Ex ib 420 mA 2-wire	
Supply UB+	1	
Supply 0V/UB-	3	
Signal S+	1	
Signal S-	3	
Screen	Case	

Cable outlet	
2-wire	
UB+/S+	
-	
0V/S-	
-	

Only when using the standard cable, e.g. EZE53X011016

Pin assignment signal jump version in accordance with EN 62061:2005

Circular connector M12 x 1, 4-pin			
	420 mA 2-wire	420 mA 3-wire	010 V 3-wire
Supply UB+	1	1	1
Supply 0V/UB-	3	3	3
Relay UR+	2	2	2
Relay UR-	4	3	3
Signal S+	1	4	4
Signal S-	3	3	3
Screen 🕀	Case	Case	Case

Cable outlet		
Cable colour	2-wire	3-wire
Brown	UB+/S+	UB+
White	UR+	UR+
Blue	0V/S-	0V/S-/UR-
Black	UR-	S+

Only when using the standard cable, e.g. EZE53X011016

Pin assignment analogue output, redundant, opposing

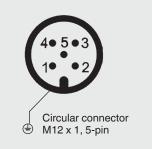
Circular connector M12 x 1, 4-pin		
	4 20 mA / 20 4 mA (redundant)	
	Connector 1	Connector 2
Supply UB+	1	1
Supply 0V/UB-	3	3
Signal channel1	4	-
Signal channel 2	-	4
Screen 🖲	Case	Case



2-connector variant, for example, in combination with ELMS1 overload protection (F23S1). Version in accordance with requirements for functional safety per 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive.

Pin assignment CANopen®

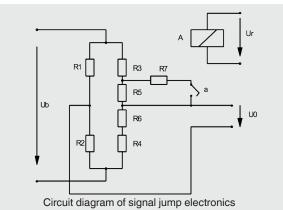
Circular connector M12 x 1, 5-pin	
Screen 🕀	1
Supply UB+ (CAN V+)	2
Supply UB- (CAN GND)	3
Bus-Signal CAN-High	4
Bus-Signal CAN-Low	5



Connect the cable shield to the force transducer housing. In the case of accessory cables, the cable shield must be connected with the knurled nut and thus connected to the housing of the force transducer. When extending, only shielded and low capacitance cables should be used. The permitted maximum and minimum lengths of the cable are specified in ISO 11898-2. A high-quality connection of the shielding must also be ensured.

Short description of signal jump electronics

Amplifier electronics 4 ... 20 mA or 0 ... 10 V for signal jump applications with 2-channel PC control



These force transducers are working with four variable resistors (R1 ... R4) connected to a Wheatstone Bridge. Caused by deformation of the body the respective opposite resistors are lengthened or compressed in the same way. This results in an unbalanced bridge and a diagonal voltage U0.

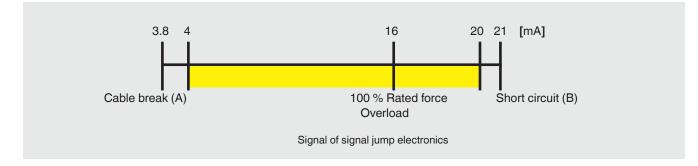
This well proven design has been amended by an additional resistor R7 in order to monitor the condition of the amplifier unit and signal path. This resistor is connected as a shunt to resistor R5 by a relay contact (a) as soon as an excitation voltage Ur appears at relay A. The connection of resistor R7 will always result in a defined unbalancing of the zero point (diagonal voltage) of the Wheatstone Bridge.

Compliance with functional safety

An external safety controller independently of the force transducer must monitor the safe functioning of the force transducer. The function test with a signal jump of 4 mA / 2 V is generated at a 24-hour interval. The safety controller activates relay A and thus defines the output signal of the force transducer.

If the expected change in the output signal occurs, it can be assumed that the entire signal path of the Wheatstone bridge via the amplifier to the output functions correctly. If it does not occur, an error in this signal path can be concluded. Furthermore, the measuring signal is to be checked by the safety controller for the Min- (A) and Max- (B) signal values in order to detect a possibly arising line break or short circuit.

The standard adjustment of force transducers with current output 4 ... 20 mA for overload control is e.g.:



With a fixed signal level of, for example, 4 mA, the testing cycle can be triggered in every operating status upon activation of the check relais. The measurement's upper limit

of 20 mA will not be reached. This enables a check of the signal level.

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